

National pathways to ending child poverty: international experiences



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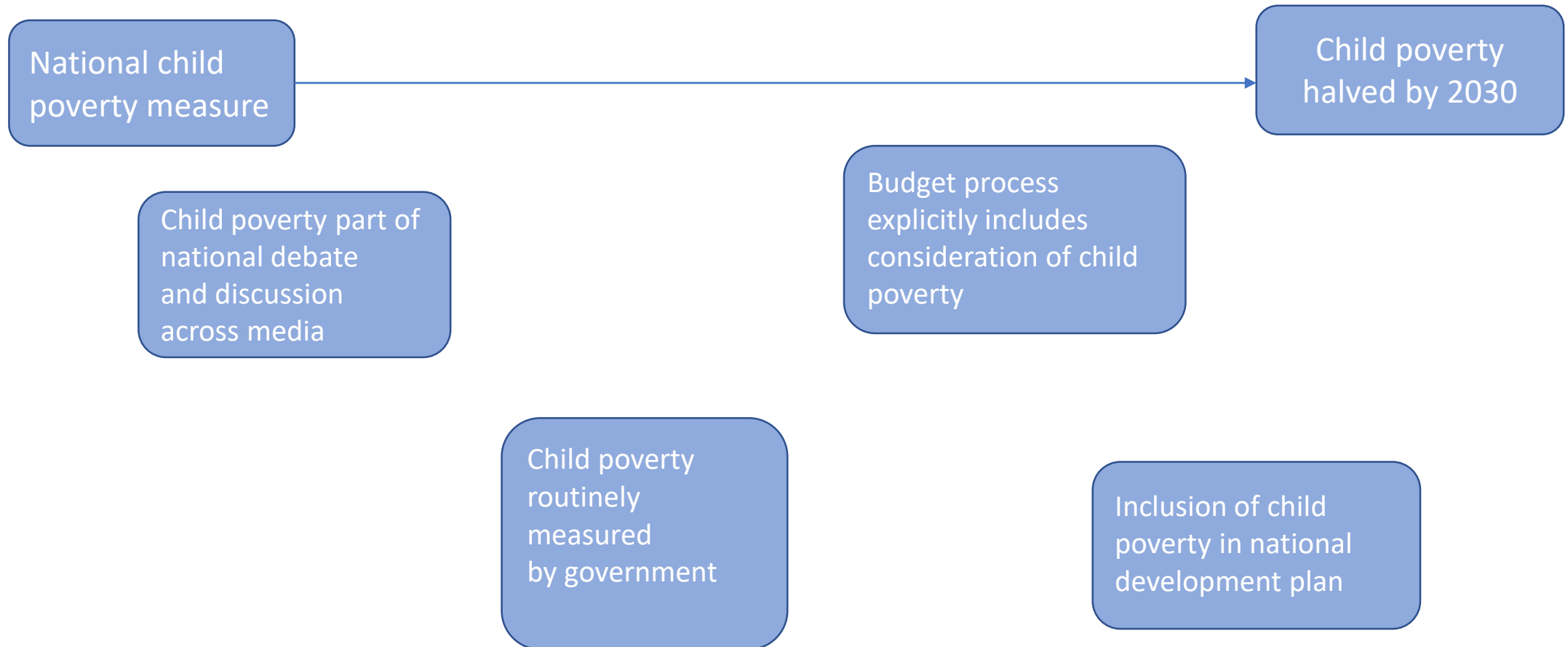
Child poverty is a problem with a solution.

- Policies and programs to address child poverty have ‘common threads’.
- Address **multidimensional child poverty** through providing quality and accessed services for the most deprived children – including in areas such as nutrition, education and health.
- Address **income or monetary child poverty** through supporting families and households to have a minimum income and ensure financial barriers don’t prevent children from reaching their potential.

Failure to end child poverty is one of the most costly mistakes a society can make

- Child poverty is strongly linked to other national priorities.
- Child poverty destroys national potential.
- The economic costs of child poverty are high.

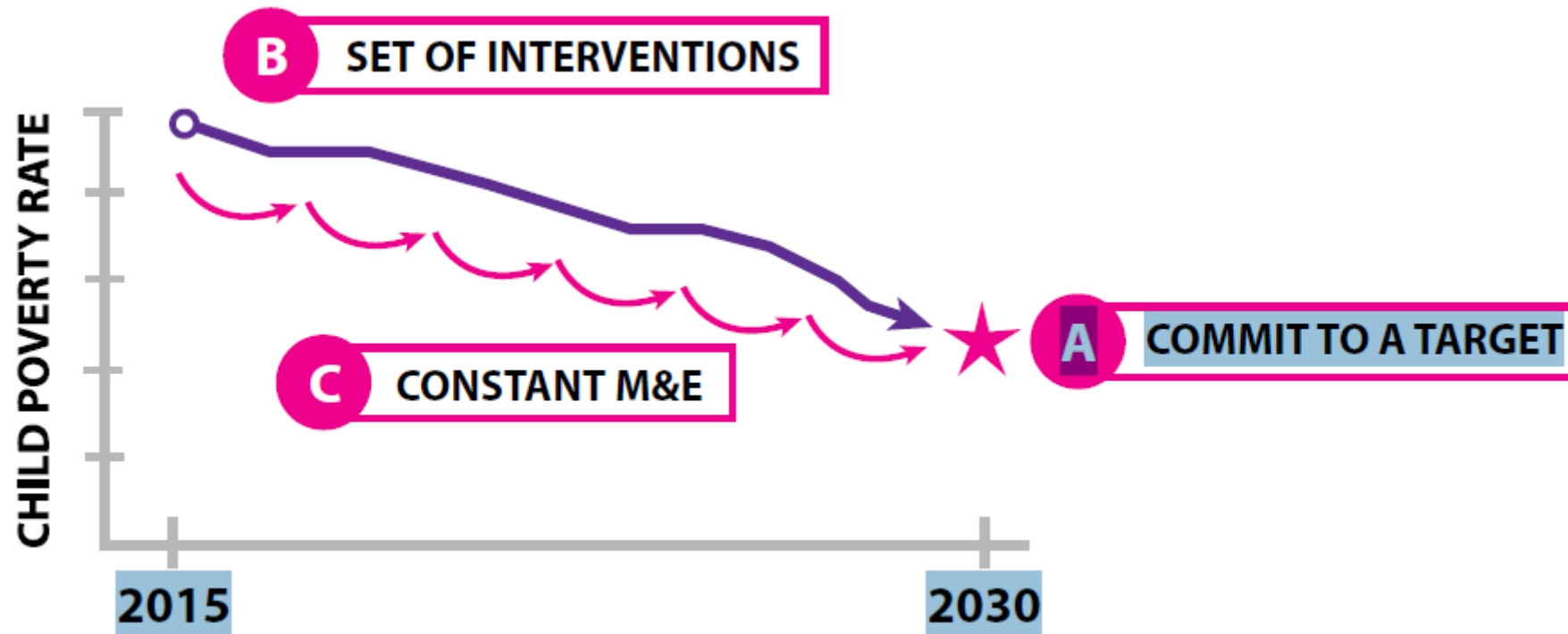
The national pathway: indicators



What works: policies and programs?

- Address social stigma or discrimination
- Child-sensitive social protection or social welfare systems
- Quality and accessible services
- Pro-poor economic growth

Three key elements of a results focused approach



Conclusion

- Sustainable development goals represent an historic opportunity to increase attention on child poverty – not only its impacts but also awareness of and commitment to proven approaches to measure and respond.

